Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Number: Number and Place Value - Recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones) Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive	Number: Number and Place Value - Order and compare numbers beyond 1000 Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include	Number: Number and Place Value - Count backwards through zero to include negative numbers- Link to Geography - Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000  Number: Addition and Subtraction	Number: Number and Place Value Find 1000 more or less than a given number.  Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000.  Number: Multiplication and Division Multiply two-digit and	Number: Addition and Subtraction - Solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why  Number: Decimals - Round decimals with one	Number: Multiplication and Division - Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two-digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects.
Number: Addition and Subtraction - Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate  Measurement: Money - Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence.	the concept of zero and place value- Link to History  Number: Addition and Subtraction - Recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12 Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together 3 numbers.  - Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations.	- Estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation  Number: Fractions - Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number.  - Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator.	three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout  Number: Decimals - Find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths.  - Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places.	decimal place to the nearest whole number.  - Solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places.  Measurement:  Money  - Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence.	Number: Fractions and decimals - Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions  - Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths  - Recognise and write decimal equivalents to ¼, ½ and ¾.

#### Geometry:

#### **Angles**

 Identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size

#### **Statistics**

- Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts
- Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms and tables.

## Number: Fractions

- Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions
- Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by a 100 and dividing tenths by 10.

# Measurement: Perimeter and Length

- Convert between different units of measure.
- Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres.

# Geometry: Properties of Shape

- Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes

# Geometry: Position and direction

- Describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant.
- Plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon.

### Measurement:

#### Time

- Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks.
- Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days.

#### **Measurement:**

#### Area

- Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares

## Geometry:

## Properties of Shape

- Identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations.
- Complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry.

### Geometry:

# Position and direction

- Describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down.

#### **Statistics**

- Interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts
- Solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information tables and other graphs.

## Measurement: Area and Perimeter

- Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres.
- Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.

# Geometry Allocate as needed